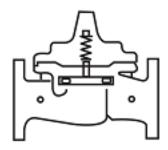
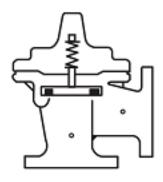


50-AT

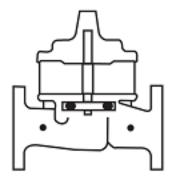
Place this manual with personnel responsible for maintenance of this valve



Installation



Operation



Maintenance



CVCL 1 2 3 4 DIST CODE 002 SHEET 1 CATALOG NO. DRAWING NO. NEWPORT BEACH, CALIFORNIA 50-AT 210610 Α YPE OF VALVE AND MAIN FEATURES DESIGN DRAWN EΑ 9-16-15 FIRE HYDRANT PRESSURE RELIEF VALVE CHK'D ٧L 9-18-15 APV'D CH 9-18-15 NOT FURNISHED BY CLA-VAL CO. — — — — OPTIONAL FEATURES P2 **B3 B2** REMOTE SENSING DRAIN_TO ATMOSPHERE **B1** 26-15 S 9–16–1 DATE **OUTLET** INLET 9 잡 EA 3 25455) - do not revise manually (ECO *2 1/2" FIRE HYDRANT THREADED SWIVEL ADAPTER > 25354) Ś BASIC COMPONENTS QTY ے 100-01 HYTROL (50-AT) MAIN VALVE 1 (ECO ij 2 *FIRE HYDRANT ADAPTER 1 CAD REVISION RECORD 3 X46A FLOW CLEAN STRAINER 1 ပ 4 X58C RESTRICTION ASSEMBLY PRODUCTION 1 œ 5 CRL/CRL60 PRESSURE RELIEF CONTROL 1 FEATURES FOR OPTIONAL OPTIONAL FEATURE SUFFIX ADDED TO CATALOG NUMBER В CK2 COCK (ISOLATION VALVE) 4 X101 VALVE POSITION INDICATOR 1 С CV FLOW CONTROL (CLOSING) 1 F REMOTE PILOT SENSING ADDED DRAIN TO ATMOSPHERE Н Р X141 PRESSURE GAUGE 3 CV FLOW CONTROL (OPENING) S "THIS DRAWING IS THE PROPERTY OF CLA-VAL CO. AND SAME AND COPIES MADE THEREOF, IF ANY, SHALL BE RETURNED TO IT UPON DEMAND. DELIVERY AND DISCLOSURE HEREOF ARE MADE SOLELY UPON CONDITION THAT THE SAME SHALL NOT BE USED, COPIED OR REPRODUCED, NOR SHALL THE SUBJECT HEREOF BE DISCLOSED IN ANY MANNER TO ANYONE FOR ANY PURPOSE, EXCEPT AS HEREIN AUTHORIZED, WITHOUT PRIOR WRITTEN APPROVAL OF CLA-VAL CO. THIS DRAWING IS SUBMITTED CONFIDENTIALLY AND MAY NOT BE USED IN THE MANUFACTURE OF ANY MATERIAL OR PRODUCT OTHER THAN SUCH MATERIALS AND PRODUCTS FURNISHED TO CLA-VAL CO. WHETHER OR NOT THE EQUIPMENT OR INFORMATION SHOWN HEREON IS PATENTED OR OTHERWISE PROTECTED, FULL TITLE AND COPYRIGHTS, IF ANY, IN AND TO THIS DRAWING AND/OR INFORMATION DELIVERED OR SUBMITTED ARE FULLY RESERVED BY CLA-VAL CO."

(2) 3 4 DIST CODE 002 SHEET 2 OF CATALOG NO. DRAWING NO. REV NEWPORT BEACH, CALIFORNIA 50-AT 210610 Α TYPE OF VALVE AND MAIN FEATURES DESIGN DRAWN EΑ 9-16-15 FIRE HYDRANT PRESSURE RELIEF VALVE CHK'D ٧L 9-18-15 APV'D СН 9-18-15 OPERATING DATA ١. PRESSURE RELIEF FEATURE: PRESSURE RELIEF CONTROL (5) IS A NORMALLY CLOSED CONTROL THAT RESPONDS TO MAIN VALVE INLET PRESSURE CHANGES. AN INCREASE IN INLET PRESSURE TENDS TO OPEN CONTROL (5) AND A DECREASE IN INLET PRESSURE TENDS TO CLOSE CONTROL (5). THIS CAUSES MAIN VALVE COVER PRESSURE TO VARY AND THE MAIN VALVE MODULATES (OPENS AND CLOSES), MAINTAINING A RELATIVELY CONSTANT INLET PRESSURE. WHEN INLET PRESSURE IS LOWER THAN THE SET POINT OF CONTROL (5), CONTROL (5) CLOSES. THIS PRESSURIZES THE COVER CHAMBER OF THE MAIN VALVE AND THE MAIN VALVE CLOSES. PRESSURE RELIEF CONTROL (5) ADJUSTMENT: TURN THE ADJUSTING SCREW CLOCKWISE TO INCREASE THE SETTING. 11. OPTIONAL FEATURE OPERATING DATA: SUFFIX B (ISOLATION VALVES): CK2 COCKS (B1), (B2), AND (B3) ARE USED TO ISOLATE THE PILOT SYSTEM FROM MAIN LINE PRESSURE. THESE VALVES MUST BE OPEN DURING NORMAL OPERATION. SUFFIX C (CLOSING SPEED CONTROL): DATE FLOW CONTROL (C) CONTROLS THE CLOSING SPEED OF THE MAIN VALVE. TURN THE ADJUSTING STEM CLOCKWISE TO MAKE THE MAIN VALVE CLOSE SLOWER. ₩ SUFFIX F (REMOTE PILOT SENSING): PILOT SENSING PRESSURE IS OBTAINED FROM A POINT UPSTREAM OF THE REVISE MANUALLY MAIN VALVE INLET. [PILOT SENSING PRESSURE IS OBTAINED FROM THE MAIN VALVE INLET IF SUFFIX (F) IS NOT SPECIFIED]. SUFFIX H (ATMOSPHERIC DRAIN): - DO NOT PILOT SYSTEM DRAIN LINE IS DISCHARGED TO ATMOSPHERE. [PILOT SYSTEM DRAIN LINE IS CONNECTED TO THE MAIN VALVE OUTLET BOSS IF SUFFIX (H) IS NOT SPECIFIED. REVISION RECORD SUFFIX P (PRESSURE GAUGE): PRESSURE GAUGES (P1), (P2), AND (P3) PROVIDE PRESSURE READING IN THE INLET, OUTLET, AND COVER CONNECTIONS. CAD SUFFIX S (OPENING SPEED CONTROL): FLOW CONTROL (S) CONTROLS THE OPENING SPEED OF THE MAIN VALVE. TURN THE ADJUSTING STEM CLOCKWISE TO MAKE THE MAIN VALVE OPEN SLOWER. 꼾

					CVCL 1 ② 3 4	DIST CODE 002		ET 3 OF	
					CIA-VAI CA NEWPORT BEACH, CALIFORNIA	CATALOG NO.	DRAWING N		REV
			Ш		OLA MAL DO:	50-AT	21	0610	A
			Ш	TYPE OF VA	ALVE AND MAIN FEATURES		DESIGN		
			Ш		FIRE LIVERANT PRESSURE RELIEF VA	1.7.45	DRAWN	EA	9-16-15
		H	H۱		FIRE HYDRANT PRESSURE RELIEF VA	CHK,D	VL	9-18-15	
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					OPERATING E SUFFIX V (VALVE POSITION INDICATOR): VALVE POSITION INDICATOR (V) DISPLAYS VALVE STEM.	TON OF	THE M	AIN	
				III.	CHECK LIST FOR PROPER OPERATION: () SYSTEM VALVES OPEN UPSTREAM ANI () AIR REMOVED FROM THE MAIN VALVE HIGH POINTS. () REMOTE SENSING LINE PROPERLY CON () CV FLOW CONTROLS (C) AND (S) OPE FEATURE). () CK2 COCKS (B1), (B2), AND (B3) OP	COVER AND PILE NNECTED (OPTION EN AT LEAST 4	IAL FEA	ATURE). (OPTION	
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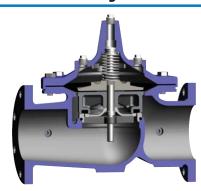


-MODEL 100-01 Hytrol Valve

Description

The Cla-Val Model 100-01 Hytrol Valve is a main valve for Cla-Val Automatic Control Valves. It is a hydraulically operated, diaphragm-actuated, globe or angle pattern valve.

This valve consists of three major components; body, diaphragm assembly, and cover. The diaphragm assembly is the only moving part. The diaphragm assembly uses a diaphragm of nylon fabric bonded with synthetic rubber. A synthetic rubber disc, contained on three and one half sides by a disc retainer and disc guide, forms a seal with the valve seat when pressure is applied above the diaphragm. The diaphragm assembly forms a sealed chamber in the upper portion of the valve, separating operating pressure from line pressure.



Installation

inspection.

- 1. Before valve is installed, pipe lines should be flushed of all chips, scale and foreign matter.
- 2. It is recommended that either gate or block valves be installed on both ends of the 100-01 Hytrol Valve to facilitate isolating the valve for preventive maintenance and repairs.
- 3. Place the valve in the line with flow through the valve in the direction indicated on the inlet nameplate. (See "Flow Direction" Section) Note: Valve can be installed in the vertical or horizontal position.

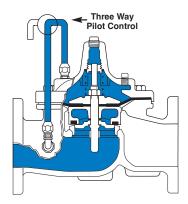
 4. Allow sufficient room around valve to make adjustments and for dis-
- assembly.

 5. Cla-Val 100-01 Hytrol Valves operate with maximum efficiency when mounted in horizontal piping with the cover UP, however, other positions are acceptable. Due to size and weight of the cover and internal components of 8 inch and larger valves, installation with the cover UP

is advisable. This makes internal parts readily accessible for periodic

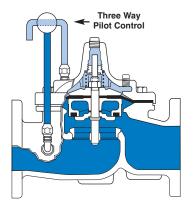
- 6. Caution must be taken in the installation of this valve to insure that galvanic and/or electrolytic action does not take place. The proper use of dielectric fittings and gaskets are required in all systems using dissimilar metals.
- 7. If a pilot control system is installed on the 100-01 Hytrol Valve, use care to prevent damage. If it is necessary to remove fittings or components, be sure they are kept clean and replaced exactly as they were.
- 8. After the valve is installed and the system is first pressurized, vent air from the cover chamber and pilot system tubing by loosening fittings at all high points.

Principles of Operation



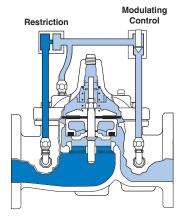
Tight Closing Operation

When pressure from the valve inlet (or an equivalent independent operating pressure) is applied to the diaphragm chamber the valve closes drip-tight.



Full Open Operation

When pressure in diaphragm chamber is relieved to a zone of lower pressure (usually atmosphere) the line pressure (5 psi Min.) at the valve inlet opens the valve



Modulating Action

Valve modulates when diaphragm pressure is held at an intermediate point between inlet and discharge pressure. With the use of a Cla-Val. "modulating control," which reacts to line pressure changes, the pressure above the diaphragm is varied, allowing the valve to throttle and compensate for the change.

Flow Direction

The flow through the 100-01 Hytrol Valve can be in one of two directions. When flow is "up-and-over the seat," it is in "normal" flow and the valve will fail in the open position. When flow is "overthe seat-and down," it is in "reverse" flow and the valve will fail in the closed position. There are no permanent flow arrow markings. The valve must be installed according to nameplate data.



Recommended Tools

- 1. Three pressure gauges with ranges suitable to the installation to be put at Hytrol inlet, outlet and cover connections.
- Cla-Val Model X101 Valve Position Indicator. This provides visual indication of valve position without disassembly of valve.
- 3. Other items are: suitable hand tools such as screwdrivers, wrenches, etc. soft jawed (brass or aluminum) vise, 400 grit wet or dry sandpaper and water for cleaning.

Troubleshooting

The following troubleshooting information deals strictly with the Model 100-01 Hytrol Valve. This assumes that all other components of the pilot control system have been checked out and are in proper working condition. (See appropriate sections in Technical Manual for complete valve).

All trouble shooting is possible without removing the valve from the line or removing the cover. It is highly recommended to permanently install a Model X101 Valve Position Indicator and three gauges in unused Hytrol inlet, outlet and cover connections.

SYMPTOM	PROBABLE CAUSE	REMEDY		
	Closed isolation valves in control system, or in main line.	Open Isolation valves.		
Fails to Close	Lack of cover chamber pressure.	Check upstream pressure, pilot system, strainer, tubing, valves, or needle valves for obstruction.		
	Diaphragm damaged. (See Diaphragm Check.)	Replace diaphragm.		
	Diaphragm assembly inoperative. Corrosion or excessive scale build up on valve stem. (See Freedom of Movement Check)	Clean and polish stem. Inspect and replace any damaged or badly eroded part.		
	Mechanical obstruction. Object lodged in valve. (See Freedom of Movement Check)	Remove obstruction.		
	Worn disc. (See Tight Sealing Check)	Replace disc.		
	Badly scored seat. (See Tight Sealing Check)	Replace seat.		
Fails to Open	Closed upstream and/or downstream isolation valves in main line.	Open isolation valves.		
	Insufficient line pressure.	Check upstream pressure. (Minimum 5 psi flowing line pressure differential		
	Diaphragm assembly inoperative. Corrosion or excessive buildup on valve stem. (See Freedom of Movement Check)	Clean and polish stem. Inspect and replace any damaged or badly eroded part.		
	Diaphragm damaged. (For valves in "reverse flow" only)	Replace diaphragm.		

After checking out probable causes and remedies, the following three checks can be used to diagnose the nature of the problem before maintenance is started. They must be done in the order shown.

Three Checks

The 100-01 Hytrol Valve has only one moving part (the diaphragm and disc assembly). So, there are only three major types of problems to be considered.

First: Valve is stuck - that is, the diaphragm assembly is not free to move through a full stroke either from open to close or vice versa.

Second: Valve is free to move and can't close because of a worn out diaphragm.

Third: Valve leaks even though it is free to move and the diaphragm isn't leaking.

CAUTION:

Care should be taken when doing the troubleshooting checks on the 100-01 Hytrol Valve. These checks do require the valve to open fully. This will either allow a high flow rate through the valve, or the downstream pressure will quickly increase to the inlet pressure. In some cases, this can be very harmful. Where this is the case, and there are no block valves in the system to protect the downstream piping, it should be realized that the valve cannot be serviced under pressure. Steps should be taken to remedy this situation before proceeding any further.

Diaphragm Check (#1)

- Shut off pressure to the Hytrol Valve by slowly closing upstream and downstream isolation valves. SEE CAUTION.
- 2. Disconnect or close all pilot control lines to the valve cover and leave only one fitting in highest point of cover open to atmosphere.
- 3.With the cover vented to atmosphere, slowly open upstream isolation valve to allow some pressure into the Hytrol Valve body. Observe the open cover tapping for signs of continuous flow. It is not necessary to fully open isolating valve. Volume in cover chamber capacity chart will be displaced as valve moves to open position. Allow sufficient time for diaphragm assembly to shift positions. If there is no continuous flow, you can be quite certain the diaphragm is sound and the diaphragm assembly is tight. If the fluid appears to flow continuously this is a good reason to believe the diaphragm is either damaged or it is loose on the stem. In either case, this is sufficient cause to remove the valve cover and investigate the leakage. (See "Maintenance" Section for procedure.)

COVER CHAMBER CAPACITY

(Liquid Volume displaced when valve opens)

()		' '
Valve size (inches)	Displa	cement
	Gallons	Liters
1 1/4	.020	.07
1 1/2	.020	.07
2	.032	.12
2 1/2	.043	.16
3	.080	.30
4	.169	.64
6	.531	2.0
8	1.26	4.8
10	2.51	9.5
12	4.00	15.1
14	6.50	24.6
16	9.57	36.2
20	12.00	45.4
24	29.00	109.8
30	42.00	197.0
36	90.00	340.0

Freedom of Movement Check (#2)

- 4. Determining the Hytrol Valve's freedom of movement can be done by one of two methods.
- **5.** For most valves it can be done after completing Diaphragm Check (Steps 1, 2, and 3). **SEE CAUTION**. At the end of step 3 the valve should be fully open.
- **6.** If the valve has a Cla-Val X101 Position Indicator, observe the indicator to see that the valve opens wide. Mark the point of maximum opening.
- 7. Re-connect enough of the control system to permit the application of inlet pressure to the cover. Open pilot system cock so pressure flows from the inlet into the cover.
- 8. While pressure is building up in the cover, the valve should close smoothly. There is a hesitation in every Hytrol Valve closure, which can be mistaken for a mechanical bind. The stem will appear to stop moving very briefly before going to the closed position. This slight pause is caused by the diaphragm flexing at a particular point in the valve's travel and is not caused by a mechanical bind.
- **9.** When closed, a mark should be made on the X101 Valve position indicator corresponding to the "closed" position. The distance between the two marks should be approximately the stem travel shown in chart.

STEM TRAVEL

(Fully Open to Fully Closed)

(.	, opo	a, 0.000a,	0.0000,					
Valve Size	(inches)	Travel (inc	ches)					
Inches	MM	Inches	MM					
1 1/4	32	0.4	10					
1 1/2	40	0.4	10					
2	50	0.6	15					
2 1/2	65	0.7	18					
3	80	0.8	20					
4	100	1.1	28					
6	150	1.7	43					
8	200	2.3	58					
10	250	2.8	71					
12	300	3.4	86					
14	350	4.0	100					
16	400	4.5	114					
20	500	5.6	143					
24	600	6.7	165					
30	800	7.5	190					
36	900	8.5	216					

- 10. If the stroke is different than that shown in stem travel chart this is a good reason to believe something is mechanically restricting the stroke of the valve at one end of its travel. If the flow does not stop through the valve when in the indicated "closed" position, the obstruction probably is between the disc and the seat. If the flow does stop, then the obstruction is more likely in the cover. In either case, the cover must be removed, and the obstruction located and removed. The stem should also be checked for scale buildup. (See "Maintenance, section for procedure.)
- 11. For valves 6" and smaller, the Hytrol Valve's freedom of movement check can also be done after all pressure is removed from the valve. SEE CAUTION. After closing inlet and outlet isolation valves and bleeding pressure from the valve, check that the cover chamber and the body are temporarily vented to atmosphere. Insert fabricated tool into threaded hole in top of valve stem, and lift the diaphragm assembly manually. Note any roughness. The diaphragm assembly should move smoothly throughout entire valve stroke. The tool is fabricated from rod that is threaded on one end to fit valve stem and has a "T" bar handle of some kind on the other end for easy gripping. (See chart in Step 4 of "Disassembly" Section.)
- 12. Place marks on this diaphragm assembly lifting tool when the valve is closed and when manually positioned open. The distance between the two marks should be approximately the stem travel shown in stem travel chart. If the stroke is different than that shown, there is a good reason to believe something is mechanically restricting the stroke of the valve. The cover must be removed, and the obstruction located and removed. The stem should also be checked for scale build-up. (See "Maintenance" Section for procedure.)

Tight Sealing Check (#3)

13. Test for seat leakage after completing checks #1 & #2 (Steps 1 to 12). SEE CAUTION. Close the isolation valve downstream of the Hytrol Valve. Apply inlet pressure to the cover of the valve, wait until it closes. Install a pressure gauge between the two closed valves using one of the two ports in the outlet side of the Hytrol. Watch the pressure gauge. If the pressure begins to climb, then either the downstream isolation valve is permitting pressure to creep back, or the Hytrol is allowing pressure to go through it. Usually the pressure at the Hytrol inlet will be higher than on the isolation valve discharge, so if the pressure goes up to the inlet pressure, you can be sure the Hytrol is leaking. Install another gauge downstream of isolating valve. If the pressure between the valves only goes up to the pressure on the isolation valve discharge, the Hytrol Valve is holding tight, and it was just the isolation valve leaking.

Maintenance

Preventative Maintenance

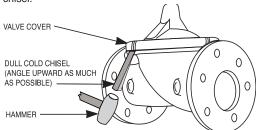
The Cla-Val Co. Model 100-01 Hytrol Valve requires no lubrication or packing and a minimum of maintenance. However, a periodic inspection schedule should be established to determine how the operating conditions of the system are affecting the valve. The effect of these actions must be determined by inspection.

Disassembly

Inspection or maintenance can be accomplished without removing the valve from the line. Repair kits with new diaphragm and disc are recommended to be on hand before work begins.

WARNING: Maintenance personnel can be injured and equipment damaged if disassembly is attempted with pressure in the valve. **SEE CAUTION.**

- Close upstream and downstream isolation valves and independent operating pressure when used to shut off all pressure to the valve.
- 2. Loosen tube fittings in the pilot system to remove pressure from valve body and cover chamber. After pressure has been released from the valve, use care to remove the controls and tubing. Note and sketch position of tubing and controls for re-assembly. The schematic in front of the Technical Manual can be used as a guide when reassembling pilot system.
- 3. Remove cover nuts and remove cover. If the valve has been in service for any length of time, chances are the cover will have to be loosened by driving upward along the edge of the cover with a dull cold chisel.



On 6" and smaller valves block and tackle or a power hoist can be used to lift valve cover by inserting proper size eye bolt in place of the center cover plug. on 8" and larger valves there are 4 holes (5/8" — 11 size) where jacking screws and/or eye bolts may be inserted for lifting purposes. **Pull cover straight up** to keep from damaging the integral seat bearing and stem.

COVER CENTER PLUG SIZE						
Valve Size	Thread Size (NPT)					
1 1/4"—1 1/2"	1/4"					
2"-3"	1/2"					
4"—6"	3/4"					
8"—10"	1"					
12"	1 1/4"					
14"	1 1/2"					
16"	2"					
20" & 24"	2"					
30" & 36"	2"					

4. Remove the diaphragm and disc assembly from the valve body. With smaller valves this can be accomplished by hand by **pulling straight up on the stem so as not to damage the seat bearing.** On large valves, an eye bolt of proper size can be installed in the stem and the diaphragm assembly can be then lifted with a block and tackle or power hoist. Take care not to damage the stem or bearings. The valve won't work if these are damaged.

VALVE STEIN	THILLAD SIZE
Valve Size	Thread Size (UNF Internal)
1 1/4"—2 1/2"	10-32
3"-4"	1/4—28
6"—14"	3/8—24
16"	1/2—20
20	3/4-16
24"	3/4-16

36'

3/4-16

3/4-16

VALVE STEM THREAD SIZE

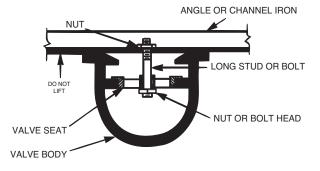
5. The next item to remove is the stem nut. Examine the stem threads above the nut for signs of mineral deposits or corrosion. If the threads are not clean, use a wire brush to remove as much of the residue as possible. Attach a good fitting wrench to the nut and give it a sharp "rap" rather than a steady pull. Usually several blows are sufficient to loosen the nut for further removal. On the smaller valves, the entire diaphragm assembly can be held by the stem in a vise equipped with soft brass jaws before removing the stem nut.

The use of a pipe wrench or a vise without soft brass jaws scars the fine finish on the stem. No amount of careful dressing can restore the stem to its original condition. Damage to the finish of the stem can cause the stem to bind in the bearings and the valve will not open or close.

- **6**. After the stem nut has been removed, the diaphragm assembly breaks down into its component parts. Removal of the disc from the disc retainer can be a problem if the valve has been in service for a long time. Using two screwdrivers inserted along the outside edge of the disc usually will accomplish its removal. Care should be taken to preserve the spacer washers in water, particularly if no new ones are available for re-assembly.
- 7. The only part left in the valve body is the seat which ordinarily does not require removal. Careful cleaning and polishing of inside and outside surfaces with 400 wet/dry sandpaper will usually restore the seat's sharp edge. If, however, it is badly worn and replacement is necessary, it can be easily removed.

Seats in valve sizes 1 1/4" through 6" are threaded into the valve body. They can be removed with accessory X109 Seat Removing Tool available from the factory. On 8" and larger valves, the seat is held in place by flat head machine screws. Use a tight-fitting, long shank screwdriver to prevent damage to seat screws. If upon removal of the screws the seat cannot be lifted out, it will be necessary to use a piece of angle or channel iron with a hole drilled in the center. Place it across the body so a long stud can be inserted through the center hole in the seat and the hole in the angle iron. By tightening the nut a uniform upward force is exerted on the seat for removal.

NOTE: Do not lift up on the end of the angle iron as this may force the integral bearing out of alignment, causing the stem to bind.



Lime Deposits

One of the easiest ways to remove lime deposits from the valve stem or other metal parts is to dip them in a 5-percent muriatic acid solution just long enough for the deposit to dissolve. This will remove most of the common types of deposits. **CAUTION: USE EXTREME CARE WHEN HANDLING ACID.** Rinse parts in water before handling. If the deposit is not removed by acid, then a fine grit (400) wet or dry sandpaper can be used with water.

Inspection of Parts

After the valve has been disassembled, each part should be examined carefully for signs of wear, corrosion, or any other abnormal condition. Usually, it is a good idea to replace the rubber parts (diaphragm and disc) unless they are free of signs of wear. These are available in a repair kit. Any other parts which appear doubtful should be replaced. WHEN ORDERING PARTS, BE SURE TO GIVE COMPLETE NAMEPLATE DATA, ITEM NUMBER AND DESCRIPTION.

NOTE: If a new disc isn't available, the existing disc can be turned over, exposing the unused surface for contact with the seat. The disc should be replaced as soon as practical.

Reassembly

- 1. Reassembly is the reverse of the disassembly procedure. If a new disc has been installed, it may require a different number of spacer washers to obtain the right amount of "grip" on the disc. When the diaphragm assembly has been tightened to a point where the diaphragm cannot be twisted, the disc should be compressed very slightly by the disc guide. Excessive compression should be avoided. Use just enough spacer washers to hold the disc firmly without noticeable compression.
- 2. MAKE SURE THE STEM NUT IS VERY TIGHT. Attach a good fitting wrench to the nut and give it a sharp "rap" rather than a steady pull. Usually several blows are sufficient to tighten the stem nut for final tightening. Failure to do so could allow the diaphragm to pull loose and tear when subjected to pressure.
- 3. Carefully install the diaphragm assembly by lowering the stem through the seat bearing. Take care not to damage the stem or bearing. Line up the diaphragm holes with the stud or bolt holes on the body. on larger valves with studs, it may be necessary to hold the diaphragm assembly up part way while putting the diaphragm over the studs.
- **4.** Put spring in place and replace cover. Make sure diaphragm is lying smooth under the cover.
- 5. Tighten cover nuts firmly using a cross-over pattern until all nuts are tight.
- 6. Test Hytrol Valve before re-installing pilot valve system.

Test Procedure After Valve Assembly

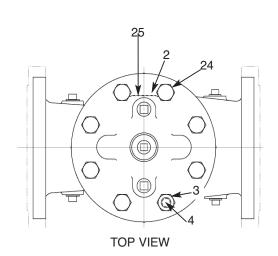
There are a few simple tests which can be made in the field to make sure the Hytrol Valve has been assembled properly. Do these before installing pilot system and returning valve to service. These are similar to the three troubleshooting tests.

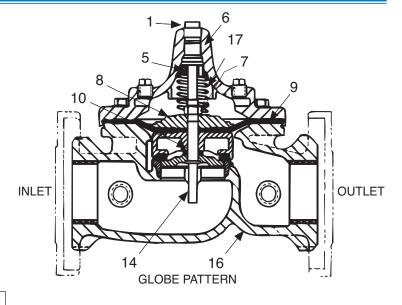
1. Check the diaphragm assembly for freedom of movement after all pressure is removed from the valve. SEE CAUTION. Insert fabricated tool into threaded hole in top of valve stem, and lift the diaphragm assembly manually. Note any roughness, sticking or grabbing. The diaphragm assembly should move smoothly throughout entire valve stroke. The tool is fabricated from rod that is threaded on one end to fit valve stem (See chart in Step 4 of "Disassembly" section.) and has a "T" Bar handle of some kind on the other end for easy gripping.

Place marks on this diaphragm assembly lifting tool when the valve is closed and when manually positioned open. The distance between the two marks should be approximately the stem travel shown in stem travel chart. (See "Freedom of Movement Check" section.) If the stroke is different than that shown, there is a good reason to believe something is mechanically restricting the stroke of the valve. The cover must be removed, the obstruction located and removed. (See "Maintenance" Section for procedure.)

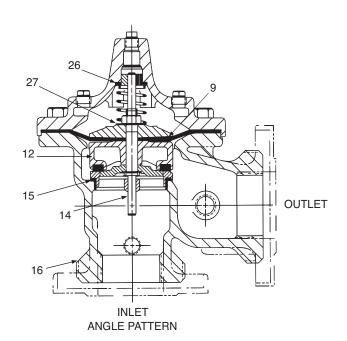
Due to the weight of the diaphragm assembly this procedure is not possible on valves 8" and larger. on these valves, the same determination can be made by carefully introducing a low pressure-less than five psi) into the valve body with the cover vented. **SEE CAUTION**. Looking in cover center hole see the diaphragm assembly lift easily without hesitation, and then settle back easily when the pressure is removed.

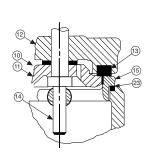
- 2. To check the valve for drip-tight closure, a line should be connected from the inlet to the cover, and pressure applied at the inlet of the valve. If properly assembled, the valve should hold tight with as low as ten PSI at the inlet. See "Tight Sealing Check" section.)
- 3. With the line connected from the inlet to the cover, apply full working pressure to the inlet. Check all around the cover for any leaks. Re-tighten cover nuts if necessary to stop leaks past the diaphragm.
- Remove pressure, then re-install the pilot system and tubing exactly as it was prior to removal. Bleed air from all high points.
- Follow steps under "Start-Up and Adjustment" Section in Technical Manual for returning complete valve back to service.



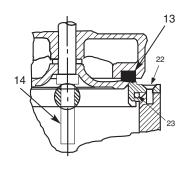


PARTS LIST							
Item	Description						
1.	Pipe Plug						
2.	Drive Screws (for nameplate)						
3.	Hex Nut (8" and larger)						
4.	Stud (8" and larger)						
5.	Cover Bearing						
6.	Cover						
7.	Stem Nut						
8.	Diaphragm Washer						
9.	Diaphragm						
10.	Spacer Washers						
11.	Disc Guide						
12.	Disc Retainer						
13.	Disc						
14.	Stem						
15.	Seat						
16.	Body						
17.	Spring						
22.	Flat Head Screws (8" and larger)						
23.	Seat O-Ring						
24.	Hex head Bolt (1 1/4" thru 4")						
25.	Nameplate						
26.	Upper Spring Washer (Epoxy coated valves only)						
27.	Lower Spring Washer (Epoxy coated valves only)						
28.	Cover Bearing Housing (16" only)						
29.	Cover O-Ring (16" only)						
30.	Hex Bolt (16" only)						
31.	Pipe Cap (16" only)						

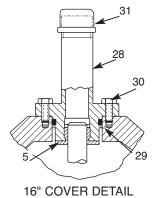




1 1/4" - 6" SEAT DETAIL



8" - 24" SEAT DETAIL





Hytrol Valve Service Data

Description 100-01 Hytrol Valve

The Cla-Val Model 100-01 Hytrol Valve is a main valve for Cla-Val Automatic Control Valves. It is a hydraulically operated, diaphragm-actuated, globe or angle pattern valve.

This valve consists of three major components; body, diaphragm assembly, and cover. The diaphragm assembly is the only moving part. The diaphragm assembly uses a diaphragm of nylon fabric bonded with synthetic rubber. A synthetic rubber disc, contained on three and one half sides by a disc retainer and disc guide, forms a seal with the valve seat when pressure is applied above the diaphragm. The diaphragm assembly forms a sealed chamber in the upper portion of the valve, separating operating pressure from line pressure.



Description 100-20 600 Series Hytrol Valve

The Cla-Val Model 100-20 Hytrol Valve (600 Series main valve) have only one part -the body- that is different from standard 100 Series Cla-Val main valve parts. The remaining parts of the 600 series main valve are standard Cla-Val main valve parts. All service and maintenance information for the standard 100 Series main valves also apply to the 600 series main valves.

The most important thing to remember when ordering main valve repair kits and replacement parts, except for the body, all other parts are going to be for a smaller size main valve. Cla-Val identifies main valve parts with the flange size of the standard 100 Series main valve. Refer to the "Main Valve Sizes" chart below.

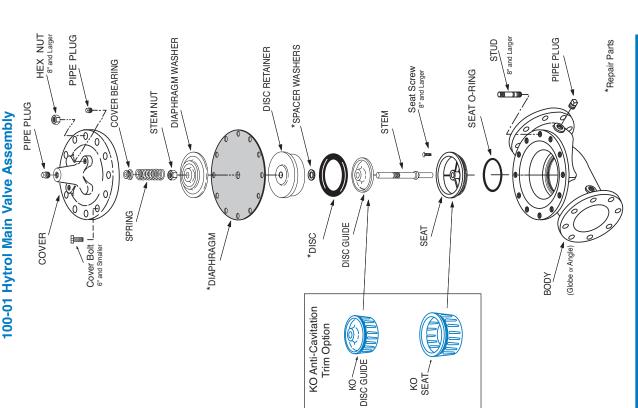
	Φ																		
	ıt Torqu	(ft. Lbs.)	DRY	9	10	우	15	30	30	09	125	185	375	400	420	750	N/R	N/R	
	Stem Nut Torque	(ff. I	Lubed	4	9	9	10	21	21	40	85	125	252	270	280	200	930	1350	ONLY lied part
	**1	Socket	(Long)				3/4"	15/16"	15/16"	1 1/16"	1 5/16"	1 13/16"	1 7/8"	2 1/2"	2 1/2"	3"	3 1/2"	Special	** Must Use ONLY Cla-Val Supplied part
	Stem Nut**			24	-20	-20	20	-				-				16			** N Cla-\
	S	Throad	D = -	3/8" - 24	7/16" -20	7/16" -20	1/2" - 20	5/8" - 18	5/8" - 18	3/4" - 16	7/8" - 14	1 1/8" -12	1 1/2" -12	1 1/2" -12	1 1/2" -12	2" - 16	2 1/4" - 16	3" - 12	
	Torque	- - - - -		48	96	96													
	Cover Torque	#	r. ED3.	4	8	8	12	20	30	110	110	110	160	390	545	545	029	800	
	Bnl	Cocket					1/16"	9/16"	9/16"	2/8"	2/8"	13/16"	13/16"	13/16"	13/16"	13/16"	13/16"	13/16"	
	Cover Plug	O Popular O					3/8"	1/2"	1/2" 9	3/4"	3/4"	-	1	1.	1" 1	1	-	1" 1	Grade 5 Bolts "Heavy" Grade Nuts Tighten cover nuts in a "star" cross-over pattern
							8	7	-	e	8				80				ts oss-over
ıta	Cover		ONC									5/8" - 11	3/4" - 10	3/4" - 10	1-	1" - 8		24 1" - 8 24 1 1/8" - 7	Grade 5 Bolts "Heavy" Grade Nuts nuts in a "star" cros
se Da	Ħ	- +		- ∞	∞	∞	∞	∞	80	∞ =_	12	16	3" 20	6" 20	20	20			Grade 5 Bolts eavy" Grade Ni ts in a "star" or
Servic	Cover Nut or Bolt	Cocket	200	7/16"	1/2"	1/2"	9/16"	2/8"	3/4"	1 1/8"	1 1/8"	1 1/4"	1 7/16"	1 13/16"	2	2	2 1/8"	2 3/8"	"He
3OL 9	Cover N	Thread	(Bolt)	1/4" - 20 (B)	5/16" - 18 (B)	5/16" - 18 (B)	3/8" - 16 (B)	7/16" - 14 (B)	1/2" - 13 (B)	3/4" - 10 (B)	3/4" - 10 (B)	3/4" - 10	6 - "8//	1 1/8" - 7	1 1/4" - 7	1 1/4" - 7	3/8" - 6	1 1/2" - 12	īghten c
HYTROL Service Data		뵨	(B	1/4" -	5/16" .	5/16" .	3/8" -	7/16" .	1/2" -	3/4" -	3/4" -	3/4"	2//8	1 1/	1 1/	1 1/	1 3/	1 1/2	
	Cover	Center Plug	NPT	1/4"	1/4"	1/4"	1/2"	1/2"	1/2"	3/4"	3/4"	<u>-</u>	-	1 1/4"	1 1/2"	2	1 1/2"	3/4"	er 101E - 28"
	Valve Stem	Thread	UNF-Internal		10 - 32	10 - 32	10 - 32	10 - 32	1/4 - 28	1/4 - 28	3/8 - 24	3/8 - 24	3/8 - 24	3/8 - 24	3/8 - 24	1/2 - 20	3/4 - 16	3/4 - 16*	* Adapter p/n 2594101E inside 1/4" - 28"
	Valve	Ę			10	9	10	9	1/4	1/4	3/8	3/8	3/8		3/8	1/2	3/4		/d sui
	Cover Capacity	Displacement	Liters		0.07	0.07	0.12	0.16	0.30	0.64	2.00	4.80	9.50	15.10	24.60	36.20	45.40	108.80	
	Cover (Displa	Gallons		0.020	0.020	0.032	0.043	0.080	0.169	0.531	1.26	2.51	4.0	6.5	9.6	12	29.0	
	u	<u>ө</u>	mm	∞	10	10	15	18	20	23	43	28	71	98	66	114	143	165	
	Stem	Trav	inches	0.3	0.4	0.4	9.0	0.7	0.8	1.1	1.7	2.3	2.8	3.4	3.9	4.5	5.63	6.75	
		0	mm						100	150	200	250	300	400		009		800	
	- SIZE	100-20	inches						"4	9	-‱	10"	12"	16"		400 20", 24"		30"	
	HYTROL SIZE	11	mm	25	32	40	20	65	80	100	150	200	250	300	350	400 2	200	009	
	I	100-01	inches	-	1 1/4"	1 1/2"		2 1/2"	<u></u> ة	"4	9	- - 0	10"	12"	14"	16"	20"	24"	

BOLT/NUT TORQUING PROCEDURES ON VALVE COVERS

0 0 **BOLTS** 15 0 ω ဖ 0 ო 0 \bigcirc O **BOLTS** O 0 ဖ 0 C0 0 2 0 0 C **BOLTS** 2 0 0 0

Follow this procedure when reassembling MAIN Valve:

- numbers shown above to insure that cover seats evenly on the diaphragm 1. Tightens bolts/nuts in a "Star" or "Cross-Over" pattern following the material and body.
- 2. Torque the bolt/nuts in three stages with a "Star" or "Cross-Over" pattern for each stage:
- To approximately 10% of final torque.
- B. To approximately 75% of final torque. C. To final required torque.
- Valves that are to be tested to 375 PSI or higher should be retorqued after 24 hours.





 $- \, \mathsf{MODEL} - X46$

Flow Clean Strainer





- Self Scrubbing Cleaning Action
- Straight Type or Angle Type

The Cla-Val Model X46 Strainer is designed to prevent passage of foreign particles larger than .015". It is especially effective against such contaminant as algae, mud, scale, wood pulp, moss, and root fibers. There is a model for every Cla-Val. valve.

The X46 Flow Clean strainer operates on a velocity principle utilizing the circular "air foil" section to make it self cleaning. Impingement of particles is on the "leading edge" only. The low pressure area on the downstream side of the screen prevents foreign particles from clogging the screen. There is also a scouring action, due to eddy currents, which keeps most of the screen area clean.

D

1-3/4

2-1/4

2-1/2

2-1/2

3

3-3/8

4

4-1/4

4-1/2

4-1/4

B (NPT)

1/8

1/4

3/8

1/2

1/2

3/4

3/4

1

1

A (NPT)

1/4

3/8

3/8

1/2

3/8

3/4

1

1/2

X46A Straight Type A (In Inches)

Ε

3/4

1

1

1-1/4

1-1/4

2

2

2-3/4

2-3/4

2-3/4

G

1/2

3/4 3/8

7/8 1/2

7/8 3/4

1-1/8

1

1-1/2 7/8

1-3/8 7/8

1-3/4 7/8

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3/4

7/8

1/2

1

1/2

1

1/2

1-1/4

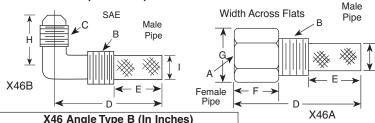
1/2

1/4

3/4

7/8

Dimensions (In Inches)



A46 Angle Type B (In Inches)							
B(NPT)	C(S	AE) D	Е	Н	I		
1/8	1/4	1-3/8	5/8	7/8	1/4		
1/4	1/4	1-3/4	3/4	1	3/8		
3/8	1/4	2	7/8	1	1/2		
3/8	3/8	1-7/8	7/8	1	1/2		
1/2	3/8	2-3/8	1	1-1/4	5/8		

When Ordering, Please Specify:

- Catalog Number X46
- Straight Type or Angle Type
- Size Inserted Into and Size Connection
- Materials

INSTALLATION

The strainer is designed for use in conjunction with a Cla-Val Main Valve, but can be installed in any piping system where there is a moving fluid stream to keep it clean. When it is used with the Cla-Val Valve, it is threaded into the upstream body port provided for it on the side of the valve. It projects through the side of the Main Valve into the flow stream. All liquid shunted to the pilot control system and to the cover chamber of the Main Valve passes through the X46 Flow Clean Strainer.

INSPECTION

Inspect internal and external threads for damage or evidence of cross-threading. Check inner and outer screens for clogging, embedded foreign particles, breaks, cracks, corrosion, fatigue, and other signs of damage.

DISASSEMBLY

Do not attempt to remove the screens from the strainer housing.

CLEANING

After inspection, cleaning of the X46 can begin. Water service usually will produce mineral or lime deposits on metal parts in contact with water. These deposits can be cleaned by dipping X46 in a 5-percent muriatic acid solution just long enough for deposit to dissolve. This will remove most of the common types of deposits. Caution: use extreme care when handling acid. If the deposit is not removed by acid, then a fine grit (400) wet or dry sandpaper can be used with water. Rinse parts in water before handling. An appropriate solvent can clean parts used in fueling service. Dry with compressed air or a clean, lint-free cloth. Protect from damage and dust until reassembled.

REPLACEMENT

If there is any sign of damage, or if there is the slightest doubt that the Model X46 Flow Clean Strainer may not afford completely satisfactory operation, replace it. Use Inspection steps as a guide. Neither inner screen, outer screen, nor housing is furnished as a replacement part. Replace Model X46 Flow Clean Strainer as a complete unit.

When ordering replacement Flow-Clean Strainers, it is important to determine pipe size of the tapped hole into which the strainer will be inserted (refer to column A or F), and the size of the external connection (refer to column B or G).



X58C Orifice Restriction Fitting Assembly

Suitable for 3" and smaller valves (color code BLUE)

Size T x NPT	Orifice	Mat'l	Part Number
3/8" x 3/8"	0.094 (3/32)	BP	68565B (standard)
3/8" x 3/8"	0.094 (3/32)	BS	9932901D
3/8" x 3/8"	0.094 (3/32)	TP	9787003E (SWS)
3/8" x 3/8"	0.094 (3/32)	TS	9787015J
3/8" x 3/8"	0.062 (1/16)	BP	46946A
3/8" x 3/8"	0.062 (1/16)	BS	64672K
3/8" x 3/8"	0.062 (1/16)	TP	9787001J

Suitable for 4" to 16" valves (color code RED)

Size T x NPT	Orifice	Mat'l	Part Number
3/8" x 3/8"	0.125 (1/8)	BP	64673H (standard)
3/8" x 3/8"	0.125 (1/8)	BS	4883405F
3/8" x 3/8"	0.125 (1/8)	TP	9787002G (SWS)
3/8" x 3/8"	0.125 (1/8)	TS	9787016G
3/8" x 3/8"	0.188 (3/16)	BP	43302K

Ref. dwg 48834, TABLE 117, 617

Material CODE Standard = BP

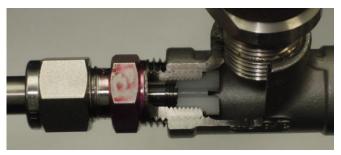
1st letter = fitting 2nd letter = orifice insert
B=Brass SAE Flare-Type fitting P=Delrin Plastic

T=316 SS Parker-type single ferrule fitting S=303 SS

NOTE:

High Differential Pressure (100+ psiD) conditions over time can cause standard materials to deteriorate and affect valve performance. Suggest replacement upgrade to Stainless Steel.





Made from Stainless Steel Parker-Type single-ferrule Tube Connector (Male tube x Male NPT)

Made from Brass SAE 45 degree Flare-Type Tube Connector (Male Tube x Male NPT)



- MODEL - CRL

Pressure Relief Control

DESCRIPTION

The CRL Pressure Relief Control is a direct acting, spring loaded, diaphragm type relief valve. It may be used as a self-contained valve or as a pilot control for a Cla-Val Main valve. It opens and closes within very close pressure limits.

INSTALLATION

The CRL Pressure Relief Control may be installed in any position. The control body (7) has one inlet and one outlet port with a side pipe plug (24) at each port. These plugs are used for control connections or gauge applications. The inlet in the power unit body (6) is the sensing line port. A flow arrow is marked on the body casting.

OPERATION

The CRL Pressure Relief Control is normally held closed by the force of the compression spring above the diaphragm; control pressure is applied under the diaphragm.

When the controlling pressure exceeds the spring setting, the disc is lifted off its seat, permitting flow through the control.

When controlling pressure drops below spring setting, the spring returns the control to its normally closed position.

ADJUSTMENT PROCEDURE

The CRL Pressure Relief Control can be adjusted to provide a relief setting at any point within the range found on the nameplate.

Pressure adjustment is made by turning the adjustment screw (9) to vary the spring pressure on the diaphragm. Turning the adjustment screw clockwise increases the pressure required to open the valve. Counterclockwise decreases the pressure required to open the valve.

When pressure adjustments are complete the jam nut (10) should be tightened and the protective cap (1) replaced. If there is a problem of tampering, lock wire holes have been provided in cap and cover. Wire the cap to cover and secure with lead seal.

DISASSEMBLY

The CRL Pressure Relief Control does not need to be removed from the line for disassembly. Make sure that pressure shut down is accompanied prior to disassembly. If the CRL is removed from the line for disassembly be sure to use a soft jawed vise to hold body during work.

Refer to Parts List Drawing for Item Numbers.

- Remove cap (1), loosen jam nut (10) and turn adjusting screw counterclockwise until spring tension is relieved.
- Remove the eight screws (4) holding the cover (3) and powerunit body (6). Hold the cover and powerunit together and place on a suitable work surface. See NOTE under REASSEMBLY.
- Remove the cover (3) from powerunit body (6). The spring (12) and two spring guides (11).
- Remove nut (13) from stem (19) and slide off the belleville washer (14), the upper diaphragm washer (15) and the diaphragm (16).
- Pull the stem (19) with the disc retainer assembly (21) through the bottom of powerunit. The lower diaphragm washer (17) will slide off
- Remove jam nut (23) and disc retainer assembly (21) from stem. Use soft jawed pliers or vise to hold stem. The polished surface of stem must not be scored or scratched.
- The seat (22) need not be removed unless it is damaged. If removal is necessary use proper size socket wrench and turn counterclock

Note: Some models have an integral seat in the body (7).

INSPECTION

Inspect all parts for damage, or evidence of cross threading. Check diaphragm and disc retainer assembly for tears, abrasions or other damage. Check all metal parts for damage, corrosion or excessive wear.

REPAIR AND REPLACEMENT

Minor nicks and scratches may be polished out using 400 grit wet or dry sandpaper fine emery or crocus cloth. Replace all O-rings and any dam-

When ordering replacement parts, be sure to specify parts list item number and all nameplate data.

REASSEMBLY

In general, reassembly is the reverse of disassembly. However, the following steps should be observed:

- Lubricate the O-Ring (18) with a small amount of a good grade of waterproof grease, (Dow Corning 44 medium grade or equal). Use grease sparingly and install O-ring in powerunit body (6).
- 2. Install stem (19) in powerunit body (6). Use a rotating motion with minimum pressure to let stem pass through O-ring.

Do Not Cut O-Ring.

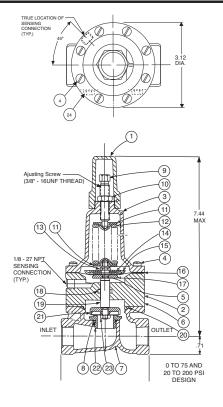
- 3. Install O-ring (5) at top of stem (19). Place lower diaphragm washer (17) on the stem with the serrated side up. Position diaphragm (16), upper diaphragm washer (15), with serration down, and belleville washer (14) with concave side down.
- 4. Position powerunit body (6) as shown on parts list drawing (top view).
- 5. Continue reassembly as outlined in disassembly steps 1 through 3.

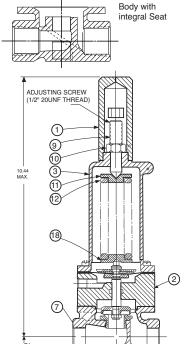
Note: Item (4) Screw will have a quantity of 8 for the 0-75 and 20-200psi design and a quantity of 4 for the 100-300psi design. Item (25) Screw is used on the 100-300psi design only. Install item (25), before item (4) for preload of item (12) spring.

SYMPTOM	PROBABLE CAUSE	REMEDY
Fails to open.	Controlling pressure too low.	Back off adjusting screw until valve opens.
Fails to open with spring compression removed.	Mechanical obstruction, corrosion, scale build-up on stem.	Disassemble, locate, and remove obstruction, scale.
Leakage from cover vent hole when con- trolling pressure is applied.	Diaphragm Damage	Disassembly replace damaged diaphragm.
	Loose diaphragm assembly.	Tighten upper diaphragm washer.
Fails to close.	No spring compression.	Re-set pressure adjustment.
Fails to close with spring compressed.	Mechanical obstruction.	Disassemble, locate and remove obstruction.



1/2" & 3/4" PRESSURE RELIEF CONTROL (Bronze Body with 303SS Trim)





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100 To 300 psi Design

SIZE	SPRING	PART NUMBER	
1/2"	0-75 PSI	7922201E	
1/2"	20-105 PSI	7922205F	
1/2"	20-200 PSI	7922202C	
1/2"	100-300 PSI	8280901D	
3/4"	0-75 PSI	7922901K	
3/4"	20-105 PSI	7922903F	
3/4"	20-200 PSI	7922902H	
3/4"	100-300 PSI	8600501E	
For 250-600 PSI Contact Factory			

or 250-600 PSI Contact Factory

CRL Range PSI	APPROX. INCREASE FOR EACH CLOCKWISE TURN OF ADJUSTING SCREW
0 to 75	8.5 PSI
20 to 105	12.5 PSI
20 to 200	28.0 PSI
100 to 300	18.0 PSI

When ordering parts please specify:

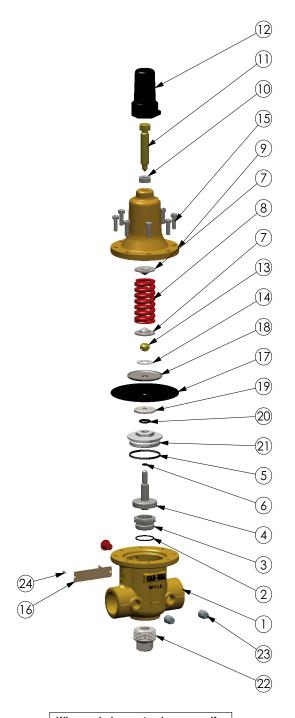
- 1. All Nameplate Data
- 2. Item Part Number
- 3. Item Description

Item	Description	Material	Part Number	Part Number	Part Number	Part Number
			0-75	20-105	20-200	100-300
1	Cap	Plastic	67628J	67628J	67628J	1257601D
2	Nameplate	Brass				
3	Cover	Bronze	C2544K	C2544K	C2544K	44587E
4*	Screw Fil. Hd. 10-32 x 1.88 (Qty 8)	303 SS	6757867E	6757867E	6757867E	6757867E
5*	O-Ring	Rubber	00902H	00902H	00902H	00902H
6	Body, Powerunit	Bronze	7920504D	7920504D	7920504D	7920504D
7	1/2" Body	Bronze	C7928K	C7928K	C7928K	C7928K
	3/4" Body	Bronze	C9083B	C9083B	C9083B	C9083B
8*	O-Ring, Seat	Rubber	00718H	00718H	00718H	00718H
9	Screw, Adjusting	Brass	7188201D	7188201D	7188201D	82811B
10	Nut Hex (Locking)	303 SS	6780106J	6780106J	6780106J	6780606H
11	Guide, Spring	303 SS	71881H	71881H	71881H	1630301J
12	Spring	CHR/VAN	71884B	20632101E	71885J	1630201A
13	Nut, Stem Upper	Bronze	73034B	73034B	73034B	73034B
14	Washer, Belleville	Steel	7055007E	7055007E	7055007E	7055007E
15	Washer, Diaphragm (upper)	303 SS	71891G	71891G	71891G	71891G
16*	Diaphragm	Rubber	C1505B	C1505B	C1505B	C1505B
17	Washer, Diaphragm (lower)	303 SS	45871B	45871B	45871B	45871B
18*	O-Ring, Stem	Rubber	00746J	00746J	00746J	00746J
19	Stem	303 SS	8982401F	8982401F	8982401F	8982401F
20*	O-Ring, Body	Rubber	00767E	00767E	00767E	00767E
21*	Retainer Assembly, Disc	303 SS	C9158B	C9158B	C9158B	C9158B
22	Seat	303Rub	62187A	62187A	62187A	62187A
23	Nut, Hex, Stem, Lower	Bronze	6779806G	6779806G	6779806G	6779806G
24	Pipe Plug	Bronze	6784701C	6784701C	6784701C	6784701C
	FACTORY SET POINT		50 PSI	60 PSI	60 PSI	100 PSI
	REPAIR KIT*		9170007A	9170007A	9170007A	9170007A



CRL-60

1/2" & 3/4" PRESSURE RELIEF CONTROL



wnen	orae	ering	parts	piease	specity:

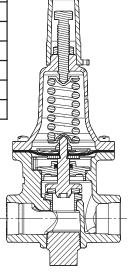
- 1. All Nameplate Data
- 2. Item Part Number
- 3. Item Description

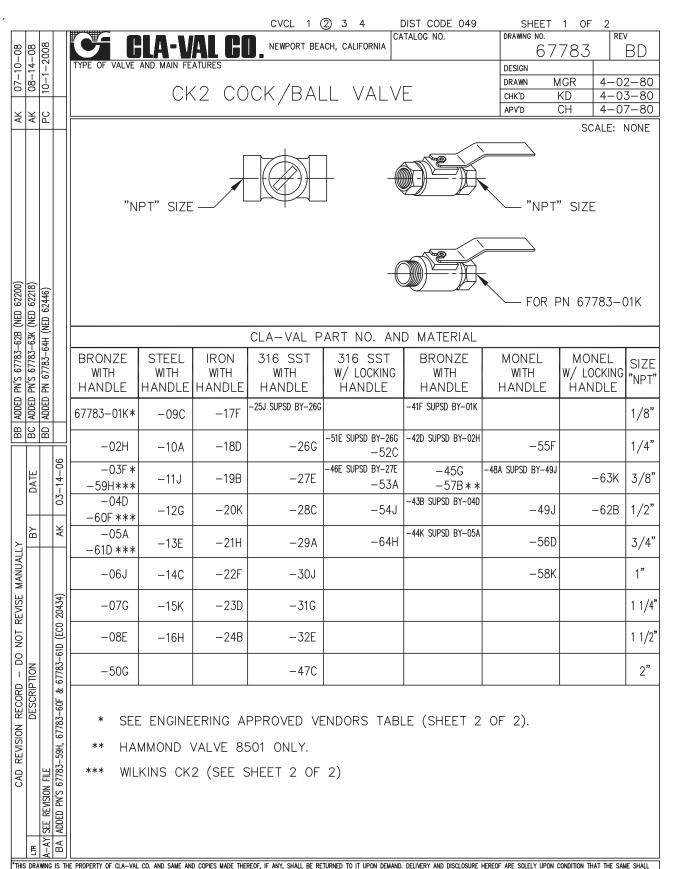
Item	Description	Quantity
1	BODY	1
* 2	ORING	1
3	SEAT 1/2" & 3/4"	1
* 4	STEM ASSEMBLY	1
* 5	ORING	1
* 6	ORING	1
7	Guide Spring	2
8	SPRING	1
8A	SPRING 100-300 PSI Design	1
9	COVER	1
9A	COVER 100-300 PSI Design	1
10	Hexnut .37516 UNC	1
11	Adjusting Screw	1
12	Cap	1
13	NUT, STEM	1
14	BELLEVILLE WASHER FLAT	1
15	FIL HD SCREW #1032 UNF	8
16	NAMEPLATE	1
* 17	DIAPHRAGM	1
18	Washer Diaphragm Upper	1
19	DIAPHRAGM WASHER	1
* 20	ORING	1
	GUIDE STEM	1
22	3/4" NPT PIPE PLUG	1
23	1/8" NPT PIPE PLUG	3
24	DRIVE SCREW	2
	* SUGGESTED REPAIR PARTS REPAIR KIT;	
	1/2" & 3/4"P/N 9170033G	

Size	Spring	Part Number	
1/2"	0 - 75 PSI	20840401A	
1/2"	20 - 105 PSI	20840408D	
1/2"	20 - 200 PSI	20840402K	
1/2"	†100 - 300 PSI	20861201J	
3/4"	0 - 75 PSI	20840403J	
3/4"	20 - 200 PSI	20840404H	
3/4"	†100 - 300 PSI	20861202H	
1"	20 - 75 PSI	20944105K	
1"	20 - 400 PSI	20944106J	
1"	100 - 300 PSI	20944107H	
for 250 - 600 PSI, Consult Factory			

†The 100-300 PSI spring requires a larger cover than the other CRL-60 springs.

CRL-60 Spring Range PSI	APPROX. INCREASE FOR EACH CLOCKWISE TURN OF ADJUSTING SCREW
0 to 75	8.5 PSI
20 to 75	6.0 PSI
20 to 105	12.5 PSI
20 to 200	28.0 PSI
40 to 200	18.0 PSI
100 to 300	18.0 PSI





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-MODEL- CV

Flow Control



DESCRIPTION

The CV Control is an adjustable restriction which acts as a needle valve when flow is in the direction of the stem. When flow is in the reverse direction, the port area opens fully to allow unrestricted flow. When installed in the control system of a Cla-Val automatic valve, it can be arranged to function as either an opening or closing speed control.

OPERATION

The CV Flow Control permits full flow from port A to B, and restricted flow in the reverse direction. Flow from port A to B lifts the disc from seat, permitting full flow. Flow in the reverse direction seats the disc, causing fluid to pass through the clearance between the stem and the disc. This clearance can be increased, thereby increasing the restricted flow, by screwing the stem out, or counter-clockwise. Turning the stem in, or clockwise reduces the clearance between the stem and the disc, thereby reducing the restricted flow.'

INSTALLATION

Install the CV Flow Control as shown in the valve schematic All connections must be tight to prevent leakage.

DISASSEMBLY

Follow the sequence of the item numbers assigned to the parts in the cross sectional illustration for recommended order of disassembly.

Use a scriber, or similar sharp-pointed tool to remove O-ring from the stem.

INSPECTION

Inspect all threads for damage or evidence of crossthreading. Check mating surface of seat and valve disc for excessive scoring or embedded foreign particles. Check spring for visible distortion, cracks and breaks. Inspect all parts for damage, corrosion and cleanliness.

CLEANING

After disassembly and inspection, cleaning of the parts can begin. Water service usually will produce mineral or lime deposits on metal parts in contact with water. These deposits can be cleaned by dipping the parts in a 5-percent muriatic acid solution just long enough for deposits to dissolve. This will remove most of the common types of deposits. Caution: use extreme care when handling acid. If the deposit is not removed by acid, then a fine grit (400) wet or dry sandpaper can be used with water. Rinse parts in water before handling. An appropriate solvent can clean parts used in fueling service. Dry with compressed air or a clean, lint-free cloth. Protect from damage and dust until reassembled.

REPAIR AND REPLACEMENT

Minor nicks and scratches may be polished out using a fine grade of emery or crocus cloth; replace parts if scratches cannot be removed.

Replace O-ring packing and gasket each time CV Flow Control is overhauled.

Replace all parts which are defective. Replace any parts which create the slightest doubt that they will not afford completely satisfactory operation. Use Inspection steps as a guide.

REASSEMBLY

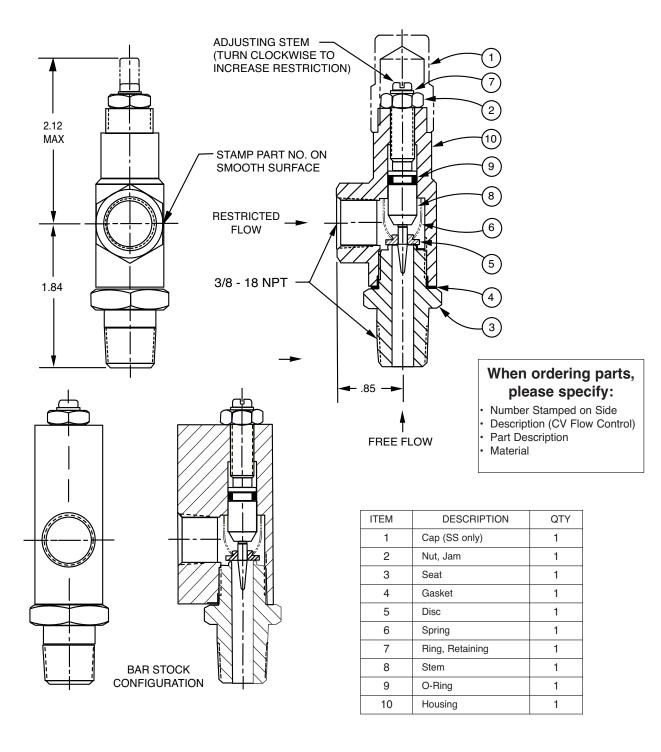
Reassembly is the reverse of disassembly; no special tools are required.

TEST PROCEDURE

No testing of the flow Control is required prior to reassembly to the pilot control system on Cla-Val Main Valve.



3/8" Flow Control





Cla-Val Gauge Option



Model X141 4" Pressure Gauge

- Liquid-Filled
- Dual Scale (PSI / BAR)
- Long Life Stainless Steel Construction
- Tamper-Resistant Design
- 2 ½" and 4" Diameter Sizes
- Isolation Valve Included

The Cla-Val Model X141 Pressure Gauge Option consists of glycerin-filled pressure gauges with the Cla-Val Logo and $\frac{1}{4}$ " CK2 Bronze Isolation Valves on the main valve inlet and outlet. Cla-Val gauges are waterproof, shock resistant, and fully enclosed with a stainless steel case and bronze wetted parts. Ambient temperature ratings are -4 Degrees F to +140 Degrees F (-20 Degrees C to +60 Degrees C).

All gauges have dual scale (PSI/BAR) and are supplied with a 1/4" NPT bottom connection. Model X141 gauges are available installed on new valves and must be specified on the customer Purchase Order. Consult factory for other available materials.

Available Pressure Ranges

X141 Gauge Assembly (2 1/2" Diameter Dial)

Pressure Range*	Part Number
0 - 60 psi	20534301 A
0 - 100 psi	20534302K
0 - 160 psi	20534311J
0 - 200 psi	20534303J
0 - 300 psi	20534304H
0 - 400 psi	20534305G

X141 Gauge Assembly (4" Diameter Dial)

Pressure Range*	Part Number
0 - 60 psi	20534306F
0 - 100 psi	20534307E
0 - 200 psi	20534308D
0 - 300 psi	20534309C
0 - 400 psi	20534310K

Typical X141 Installation



Typical Installation with two X141 Gauges



*Specify desired pressure range and valve location (inlet or outlet) on order.





-MODEL-X101

Valve Position Indicator & Pilot System Components

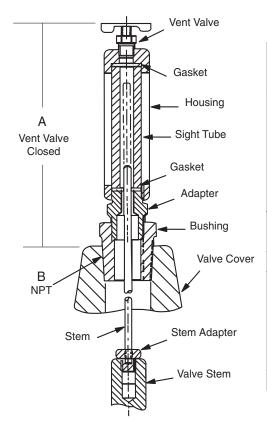


- Positive Visual Indicator
- Frictionless
- · Leak Proof
- · Easy Maintenance and Cleaning
- Protected Indicator Rod

The Cla-Val Model X101 Visual Position Indicator is designed to display Cla-Val valve position quickly and easily. A solid brass indicator rod fastened directly to the valve stem moves up and down inside a pyrex tube. The tube is contained within a brass housing which is open on two opposite sides to permit clear vision of the indicator rod.

To purge air that may be trapped in the valve cover, a vent valve in the top of the housing is provided. Model X101 valve position indicator is furnished complete for installation on specified size Cla-Val Automatic Control Valve.

Dimensions



VALVE SIZE	A INCHES	B NPT
1"	5.88	1/4"
1 1/4"	3.21	1/4"
1 1/2"	3.21	1/4"
2"	3.33	1/2"
2 1/2"	3.33	1/2"
3"	3.33	1/2"
4"	4.52	34"
6"	4.52	34"
8"	5.83	1"
10"	7.70	1"
12"	8.20	1 1/4"
14"	8.20	1 1/2"
16"	10.81	2"
18"	12.04	1"
20"	12.04	1"
24"	12.04	1"

Dimension "A" is height added to valve by indicator assembly

Specifications

Sizes: 1" thru 24"

Materials: Brass, Pyrex Tube

Pressure Rating: 400 psi

Optional Material: Stainless Steel

Installation

Can be installed on any Cla-Val basic main valve in a few minutes. Simply replace the fitting on top of the valve cover with the indicator assembly.

When Ordering, Please Specify

- 1. Valve Size
- 2. Catalog No. X101
- 3. Valve Series No. (Appears on Valve Nameplate)
- 4. Optional Material Stainless Steel

CSM-11 Solenoid Control

Body Material

Standard: Bronze with Monel Trim

Option: Bronze with

Stainless Steel

Trim

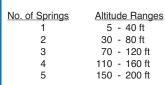


CDS6A Altitude Control

Wetted Body Material
Standard: Bronze with

Stainless Steel

Trim





CDC-1 Check Valve



Size Body Material Trim Material
3/8"-1/2" Brass Delrin

CSC Swing Check Valve



Size Body Material Trim Material
3/8"-1" Brass Brass/Buna N

CN Series - Needle Valves





 Size
 Body Material
 Trim Material

 1/4"-1"
 Standard:
 Bronze
 Brass

 Option:
 Stainless Steel
 Stainless Steel

CK Series - Isolation Valve



Size	Body Material		Trim Material
3/8"-1"	Standard:	Bronze	Stainless Steel/Teflon
	Option:	Stainless Steel	Stainless Steel/Teflon

CLA-VAL™

E-X101 (R-04/2018)

CLA-VAL

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www.cla-val.com

Represented By:



-MODEL- REPAIR KITS

Model 100-01 Hytrol Main Valve

	BUNA-N MATERIAL				
	RUBBER KIT REPAIR KIT REBUILD KIT STUD & NI				
	STOCK NO.	STOCK NO.	STOCK NO.	STOCK NO.	
3/8"	9169801K		21176614B	21176633J	
1/2"	9169802H	21176602F	21176615A	21176634H	
3/4"	9169802H	21176602F	21176615A	21176634H	
1" Non-Guided	9169803F	21176601G	21176616K	21176636F	
1"	9169804D	21176603E	21176617J	21176636F	
1 1/4"	9169804D	21176603E	21176617J	21176636F	
1 1/2"	9169804D	21176603E	21176617J	21176636F	
2"	9169805A	21176608K	21176618H	21176637E	
2 1/2"	9169811J	21176609J	21176619G	21176638D	
3"	9169812G	21176604D	21176620D	21176639C	
4"	9169813E	21176605C	21176621C	21176640K	
6"	9169815K	21176606B	21176622B	21176641J	
8"	9817901D	21176607A	21176623A	21176642H	
10"	9817902B	21176610F	21176624K	21176643G	
12"	9817903K	21176611E	21176625J	21176644F	
14"	9817904H	21176612D	21176626H	21176645E	
16"	9817905E	21176613C	21176627G	21176645E	

Model 100-20 Hytrol Main Valve

BUNA-N MATERIAL					
	RUBBER KIT	STUD & NUT KIT			
	STOCK NO.	STOCK NO.	STOCK NO.	STOCK NO.	
3"	9169805A	21176608K	21176618H	21176637E	
4"	9169812G	21176604D	21176620D	21176639C	
6"	9169813E	21176605C	21176621C	21176640K	
8"	9169815K	21176606B	21176622B	21176641J	
10"	9817901D	21176607A	21176623A	21176642H	
12"	9817902B	21176610F	21176624K	21176643G	
14"	9817903K	21176611E	21176625J	21176644F	
16"	9817903K	21176611E	21176625J	21176644F	

Consult factory for larger sizes

Rubber Kit Includes: Diaphragm, Disc, Spacer Washers

Repair Kit Includes: Diaphragm, Disc, Spacer Washers, Epoxy Coated Disc Retainer, Epoxy Coated Diaphragm Washer,

Protective Washer

Rebuild Kit Includes: Diaphragm, Disc, Spacer Washers, Epoxy Coated Disc Retainer, Epoxy Coated Diaphragm Washer,

Protective Washer, Stainless Steel Bolts & Washers (6" & Below),

Stainless Steel Studs, Nuts, & Washers (8" & Above), Stem, Stem Nut, Disc Guide

Stud & Nut Kit Includes: Stainless Steel Bolts & Washers (6" & Below), Stainless Steel Studs, Nuts, & Washers (8" & Above)

Repair Kits for 100-02/100-21 Powertrol and 100-03/100-22 Powercheck Main Valves

For: Powertrol and Powercheck Main Valves-150 Pressure Class Only

Includes: Diaphragm, Disc (or Disc Assembly) and O-rings and full set of spare Spacer Washers.

Valve	Kit Stock Number	Valve	Kit Stock Number	
Size	100-02	Size	100-02 & 100-03	100-21 & 100-22
3/8"	9169901H	2½"	9169910J	N/A
1/2" & 3/4"	9169902F	3"	9169911G	9169905J
1"	9169903D	4"	9169912E	9169911G
11/4" & 11/2"	9169904B	6"	9169913C	9169912E
2"	9169905J	8"	99116G	9169913C
		10"	9169939H	99116G
		12"	9169937B	9169939H

Repair Kits for 100-04/100-23 Hy-Check Main Valves

For: Hy-Check Main Valves—150 Pressure Class Only

Includes: Diaphragm, Disc and O-Rings and full set of spare Spacer Washers.

Valve	Kit Stock Number		Valve	Kit Stock Number	
Size	100-04	100-23	Size	100-04	100-23
4"	20210901B	N/A	12"	20210905H	20210904J
6"	20210902A	20210901B	14"	20210906G	N/A
8"	20210903K	20210902A	16"	20210907F	20210905H
10"	20210904J	20210903K	20"	N/A	20210907F
			24"	N/A	20210907F

Larger Sizes: Consult Factory.

Larger Sizes: Consult Factory.

Repair Kits for Pilot Control Valves (In Standard Materials Only)

Includes: Diaphragm, Disc (or Disc Assembly), O-Rings, Gaskets or spare Screws as appropriate.

BUNA-N® (Standard Material)				VITON (For KB Controls)	
Pilot	Kit Stock	Pilot	Kit Stock	Pilot	Kit Stock
Control	Number	Control	Number	Control	Number
CDB	9170006C	CFM-9	12223E	CDB-KB	9170012A
CDB-30	9170023H	CRA (w/bucking spring)	9170001D	CRA-KB	N/A
CDB-31	9170024F	CRD (w/bucking spring)	9170002B	CRD-KB (w/bucking spring)	9170008J
CDB-7	9170017K	CRD (no bucking spring)	9170003K	CRL-KB	9170013J
CDH-2	18225D	CRD-18	20275401K	CDHS-2BKB	9170010E
CDHS-2	44607A	CRD-22	98923G	CDHS-2FKB	9170011C
CDHS-2B	9170004H	CRL (55F, 55L)	9170007A	CDHS-18KB (no bucking spring)	9170009G
CDHS-2F	9170005E	CRL60/55L-60	9170033G	102C-KB	1726202D
CDHS-3C-A2	24657K	CRL60/55L60 1"	9170042H		
CDHS-8A	2666901A	CRL-4A	43413E		
CDHS-18	9170003K	CRL-5 (55B)	65755B		
CDS-4	9170014G	CRL-5A (55G)	20666E		
CDS-5	14200A	CRL-18	20309801C		
CDS-6	20119301A	Universal CRL	9170041K		
CDS-6A	20349401C	CV	9170019F		
CFCM-M1	1222301C	X105L (O-ring)	00951E	Buna-N®	
CFM-2	12223E	102B-1	1502201F		
CFM-7	1263901K	102C-2	1726201F	CRD Disc Ret. (Solid)	C5256H
CFM-7A	1263901K	102C-3	1726201F	CRD Disc Ret. (Spring)	C5255K

Repair Assemblies (In Standard Materials Only)

•		
Control	Description	Stock Number
CF1-C1	Pilot Assembly Only	89541H
CF1-CI	Complete Float Control less Ball and Rod	89016A
CFC2-C1	Disc, Distributor and Seals	2674701E
CSM 11-A2-2	Mechanical Parts Assembly	97544B
CSM 11-A2-2	Pilot Assembly Only	18053K
33A 1"	Complete Internal Assembly and Seal	2036030B
33A 2"	Complete Internal Assembly and Seal	2040830J

When ordering, please give complete nameplate data of the valve and/or control being repaired. MINIMUM ORDER CHARGE APPLIES